#### Who Ya Gonna Call?

Do you need an answer about an ailing veggie plant?

#### Try **Vegetable MD**.

It is an online source provided by the Cornell Plant Pathology Department. It contains a photo gallery to help identify the disease



problem, fact sheets for solving it, and IPM links to keep it from happening again.

Got bugs or suspect bugs on your veggie plant? Call your County Cooperative Extension Service.

These regional offices offer advice on a wide range of subjects, often provided by Master Gardeners trained to assist on these gardening hot lines. Fact sheets and soil testing are other pertinent services offered to gardeners.

One of our favorite activities in the summer is free for the entire family and only needs you to find a spot away from our ever-present light pollution. It requires a clear dark sky and a soft piece of earth, sand or deck to lie on. It's known as watching a meteor shower. These showers occur when the earth turns into the path of meteoroids as they enter the earth's atmosphere. The best viewing is late evening and pre-dawn and they can be seen from anywhere. Start by looking at Radiant, or Point of Origin.

The following is the spring/summer guide for 2013:

Shower	Point of Origin	Date of Maximum
Lyrid	S	April 22
Eta Aquarid	SE	May 4
Delta Aquarid	S	July 30
Perseid	NE	August 11-13

I know I know. This has nothing to do with gardening, but it sure is fun. This one's for you Uncle Geno!

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 Spring 2013

## Flowers in a city are like lipstick on a woman - It just makes you look better to have a little color. ~ Lady Bird

hen was the last time you really looked at your community and appreciated the wonderful job they have done enhancing the shopping areas, parks, community buildings, and cemeteries? Many have gone to great expense to purchase permanent planters, create flower beds, and acquire equipment for watering and fertilizing, not to mention budgeting for personnel to achieve their beautification goals.

I can't think of any community in the surrounding areas of our greenhouses that does not take pride in their appearance. It takes hours of planning to design flower beds, hanging baskets and planters. This is often done in-house, as well as utilizing members of the local garden clubs, interested volunteers and even garden designers. Cities, towns, and townships contract with local greenhouses (often Kollman's) to grow their specific orders. When delivered, the planting starts immediately, hanging baskets are affixed in their respective places, and then the real work begins.

It takes a strategic plan to maintain the flowers you and visitors enjoy in your city. And it takes a caring staff to carry out the directives to keep the flowers looking in their prime all summer long. Remember, city plantings experience the same gardening challenges as the homeowner's garden. The difference is their potential problems are out there for everyone to see. They cannot be disguised. So it is vitally important to keep focused on the continued health and growth of the numerous plantings. I think the cities have accomplished just that, and more. They have provided everything flowers need to do their job-flourish and beautify.

This summer, as the flowers are blooming in your cities and parks, enjoy them knowing that it is no simple feat to enhance your community in this way. And better yet, fire-off an email, drop a line, or call your mayor, parks and rec. department, maintenance department, or council representatives. Express your thanks and appreciation for a job well-done- for adding just that bit of color to make your community look better. Lady Bird had it right- let everyone know it.



Find us on Facebook or Twitter and watch how we grow!

Facebook/Kollman's Greenhouse

@kollmans



Did you ever want to own your own greenhouse? Well here's an opportunity to win a small, faux greenhouse complete with flowering plants. It has a hinged roof that opens to give the flowers fresh air, sunshine and water. It is also suitable for indoors. Just step right up to the podium inside our greenhouse, and sign up for a chance to win.

# ALERT ALERT ALERT ALERT ALERT ALERT ...and the times, they are a-changin'

When times change, we need to adapt. A simple definition of adapt is "to adjust oneself to different conditions". It's time for most gardeners to put their adjustment caps on and prepare themselves for two plant diseases that will, for many, change the way they garden.

**Downy Mildew** This dreaded disease attacks our beloved impatiens, or to be exact, Impatiens walleriana. It is spread by the infected spores from the underside of the infected leaves that easily detach themselves. They can be spread by water splash or wind, traveling hundreds of miles. Early symptoms include leaves with light-green yellowing that curl downward, or gray markings on the upper surface and white fungal growth on the undersides. Advanced symptoms show a stunted plant and leaf growth, and bare plants due to leaf and flower drop. Often the stems are weakened and soft.

Ohio has been identified as one of 30 states infected with this disease- in all counties. There is no cure to this ravaging disease. Once it is in the soil through leaf and flower drop, it stays for years, and will continue to infect impatiens walleriana. Because it is spread through the air, it will attack the plants in above-ground planters and hanging baskets.

Because of the severity of Downy

Mildew, Kollman's Greenhouse will no longer be growing Impatien walleriana. This is the kind of impatien we grow in flats. The disease also infects double impatiens, and butterfly impatiens, which we will no longer be growing. At some point we believe that a new breed of impatiens will arise from this and it will be disease-resistant to Downy Mildew. But breeding and trialing take several years.

In the meantime, we suggest replacing impatien walleriana with New Guinea Impatiens. We are arowing the Divine series of New Guinea impatiens in flats this year. It will be the same price-point as the rest of our flats in order to ease the transition. These are diseaseresistant to Downy Mildew and will have the same bloom, yet larger, and the same color impact. Other flatted plants to consider as a substitute are Fibrous Begonias, Torenia, Coleus, and Lobelia. Sunpatiens, in pots, will be a good choice for conditions with a bit more sun, and they too are resistant to Downy Mildew.

Rose Rosette Disease This is a virus spread by tiny mites that live between the leaf petioles and axillary buds of the multi-flora roses. The multi-flora rose is the main host for this disease. The mites begin to spread aerially up to 100 miles once the temperatures reach 70 degrees. They are not killed by cold weather.



The disease is lethal to the multiflora rose, as well as all cultivated roses. The symptoms vary. Infected plants produce bright red shoots covered in stunted, twisted stems also known as witches broom. Excessive thorn production, leaf disfiguration and reddening are other signs of the disease.

There is no cure for rosette disease. It is diagnosed by symptom only. Infected plants should be dug up, bagged, and thrown away. The virus does not live in the soil, but will live in any remaining roots. Eliminating any multiflora rose plants nearby is the best control, or at the very least, using chemical controls against the mites found on the mulitflora roses.

The change in the season brings a change in gardening as many know it. Be observant, spread your planter's wings and embrace the new.

## A Not So New Faze/Phase

In olden days, as my mother-in-law says, farmers would garden by the phases of the moon. Seeds sown in the correct combination of the best lunar phase and sign, showed increased vigor, and quicker and larger harvests.

The lunar phase controls the amount of moisture in the soil. Moisture is at its peak during the new moon and full moon. At this time, the moon pulls water, such as in the tides, and thus causes moisture to rise in the soil. This encourages germination and stimulates root and leaf growth.

Our astrological signs correspond with the elements of earth, air, fire, and water. Annual plant seeds are best started during the air sign of Libra. Root crops are best sown during earth signs, and fertilizer should be applied during water signs.



The old-time gardeners still use the moon as their guide. I'm not so sure about the astrological signs- that was kind of a '60's thing wasn't it? Anyway, it would be a fun summer experiment for your kids- comparing the growth of a direct-seeded marigold and that of a planted marigold plant. This could even translate into a science project during the next school year. If you do that, you owe me one for my idea.

## The 2013 Oscar of Fruits

The National Garden Bureau has designated the watermelon as the featured Fruit of the Year. What's not to love about watermelon? Every part of it is edible- pickle the rind, roast the seed, and eat the flesh. While they are known as a space hog in the garden, there are now varieties that produce fruits on shorter vines. Sugar Baby is just 3.5 ft. long and is the variety we grow at Kollman's. Watermelons mature quickly in the hot weather. They ripen about 30 days after blooming. When the bottom of the plant turns a rich yellow, it's ready to be picked and enjoyed. As Mikey says, "Try it, you'll like it". And while you're at it, try these yeagies we are growing this year:

Romaine and Mesclun Spaghetti Squash and Butternut Squash Hot Pepper Basket of Fire and Chenzo Sugar Snap Peas

Mustard Greens Grafted Tomato Big Beef

Bok Choy and Japanese Eggplant Broccoli Raab

#### And the 2013 Perennial Oscar Goes To....

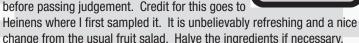
Polygonatum odoratum "Variegatum" has been selected as the Perennial Plant of the Year by the Perennial Plant Association. This is a tried and true plant that is perfect for woodland gardens as it thrives in full to part shade. It is a wonderful compliment to ferns and hostas with its petite white bell-shaped flowers. The added value to this great perennial is its sweet floral fragrance, and fall color. While considering this plant for 2013, check-out the new perennials Kollman's is featuring this year:

Campanula Indigo Blue and Mulberry Rose Veronica First Lady White Coreopsis Mercury Rising Lavender Essence Purple

Digitalis Camelot Cream, Lavender, Rose- Rebloomers!



What better way to tie-in this recipe than to make it from that fabulous summer fruit- the water-melon. This is a salad that needs to be trialed before passing judgement. Credit for this goes to



#### WATERMELON SALAD

3 lbs. 2-inch cubed peeled & seedless watermelon

½ lb. 1/8 in. sliced red onion

½ c coarsely chopped fresh mint

1c red wine vinegar dressing

4 oz. crumbled feta cheese

In a large bowl, combine the cubed watermelon, red onion and half the chopped mint. Immediately pour the dressing over the watermelon mixture. Toss the salad gently to blend together. Neatly mound the salad into a display serving bowl. Evenly sprinkle the entire surface of the salad with the crumbled feta cheese. Top the cheese with the remaining chopped mint. Serve immediately.

### **DID YOU KNOW???**

1. Migrating birds feast on fruits as they winter over in warmer climates. They continue to enjoy the sweets as they head north towards home. You can attract them at your feeders by providing those fruits that are not yet in season in our area.

Orange halves: Orioles,
Grosbeaks, Tanagers
Pears: Buntings, Orioles, Wrens,
Purple Finches
Bananas - partly peeled: Tanagers,

Orioles, Catbirds
Peaches: House Finches

- 2. Edamame is an ancient Asian vegetable first used by Chinese 2200 years ago. Translated, it means "beans on branches". Three ounces of the beans are charged with 12 grams of protein, 3.5 grams of fat, and 13 grams of carbs. It is a great source of vitamin A and is rich in calcium.
- 3. The Four Seasons are determined by shifting sunlight- determined by how our planet orbits the sun. (Does Frankie Valli know that??)
  Below are the 2013 schedules of the "first days of"

  SPRING Vernal Equipper / March 20 at 7:02 A March 20

SPRING-Vernal Equinox / March 20 at 7:02 A.M. SUMMER-Summer Solstice / June 21 at 1:04 A.M. FALL / September 22 at 4:44 P.M. WINTER / December 21 at 12:11 P.M.



4. To keep your peonies beautifully blooming, ignore them. They thrive on scant fertilizer and little attention. Do not overdivide and plant too deep. Give them plenty of sun.

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